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#### A FRENCH COLLECTIVE TRIBUNE OF EXPERTS FOR COVID-19 COMPULSORY LICENSE

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#### A FRENCH COLLECTIVE TRIBUNE OF EXPERTS FOR COVID-19 COMPULSORY LICENSE

Regular readers of the Blog may be aware of my particular interest in pharma patents and, more especially since the Covid-19 pandemic, for compulsory licensing (see for instance <a href="here">here</a>). I was therefore very happy (and pride) to participate in a Collective Tribune bringing together renowned specialists in property and patent laws (academics and practitioners), who invite the French public authorities to reform the compulsory licensing procedure and to engage it to facilitate the manufacturing of Covid-19 vaccines in France.

This Tribune has been published on March 10, 2021, in French in the weekly newspaper dedicated to economy (*Les Echos*), and will also be published in a more detailed version in a general legal journal (*Semaine juridique – Édition Générale – LexisNexis*).

#### A patent policy for public health

Some people claim that the lack of vaccine production against COVID-19 is linked to patents held by the pharmaceutical industry; it is not possible to endorse such an idea. On the one hand, a patent encourages research by rewarding it with temporary exclusivity to exploit an invention. On the other hand, it participates in the dissemination of the research results, since obtaining a patent is submitted to the disclosure of the invention.

Nevertheless, access to inventions could be made more flexible in the interests of public health by adjusting the conditions for granting an ex officio licence and then initiating this procedure, more particularly to allow companies to manufacture vaccines developed by others. This is the proposal put forward by several experts in property and patent law in this Tribune.

### Ex officio licensing: a tool for access to medicines that should be mobilised

A patent licence is a contract by which the patent holder – the patentee – grants a third party – the licensee – the right to exploit the invention in return for royalties. While the patentee is in principle free to conclude this type of contract or not, by exception, this conclusion may be imposed to him in the interest of public health: this is the system of ex officio licence.

This licence presupposes that medicines are made available to the public in insufficient quantity or quality or at abnormally high prices. In these cases, a political will would be sufficient for such a licence to be adopted: an administrative procedure can be initiated by the Minister of Health, who makes a request to the Minister of Economy and Finance, who can then submit the patents in question to the ex officio licence system by means of a ministerial order.

It is therefore not a question of expropriation, which would risk discouraging investment in research, but of a balanced mechanism which, respecting the interests of those who have invested in research and been able to carry it out successfully, by guaranteeing them royalties, and to allow at the same time full access to medicines.

## The compulsory licence, a tool for access to medicines that needs to be improved

This ex officio licence, which could be implemented today, since it is provided for by French Law, nevertheless suffers from a certain cumbersomeness, which requires time, whereas reactivity is required in a situation like the one we are experiencing.

The recent introduction of an article L. 3131-15 in the French Public Health Code is, however, a step in the right direction and is likely to facilitate the improvements that we are advocating here, as it allows the Prime Minister "by regulatory decree issued on the report of the Minister responsible for health, for the sole purpose of guaranteeing public health: [...] 9° Where necessary, [to] take any measure enabling appropriate medicines to be made available to patients for the eradication of the health disaster".

*In order to optimise the existing mechanism, it would be appropriate to :* 

- to specifically target the case of an extreme health emergency to which an accelerated procedure could or should be linked;
- to provide that patent applications and not only granted patents as is the case today
  may be subject to this ex officio licence;
- to extend the scope of the licence to all the know-how necessary for the manufacture of the medicine.

Thus, as part of an overall policy of secure access to essential medicines, an ex officio licence adapted to present needs, as we are advocating, could facilitate the manufacture of vaccines on French territory and thus the fight against the pandemic.

#### List of signatories

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